

INDICES OF DEPRIVATION 2019

SHEFFIELD

What are the Indices of Deprivation?

The Indices of Deprivation is the collective name for a group of indicators, measuring different aspects of deprivation, which are grouped into seven domains:



INCOME



EMPLOYMENT



HEALTH AND
DISABILITY



EDUCATION,
SKILLS AND
TRAINING



BARRIERS TO
HOUSING AND
SERVICES



CRIME



LIVING
ENVIRONMENT

These domains combine to create the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD), a single overall score, which can be used to measure the relative level of multiple deprivation in an area. The IMD ranks each small area in England from the most to the least deprived. These small areas are called Lower Super Output Areas, or LSOAs.

How do the Indices work?

The Indices of Deprivation is made up of 39 different indicators, grouped into 7 domains. These combine to produce a single score for the Index of Multiple Deprivation for each small area in England. These areas can be ranked according to their IMD score, which allows users to identify the most and the least deprived areas in England.

What time period do the Indices relate to?

Most indicators used in the Indices of Deprivation 2019 range from between 2011 to 2018.

Which areas are covered by the Indices?

England is divided into 32,844 small areas, with an average of 1,500 people living in each area. These are known as Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). 345 of these LSOAs make up Sheffield.

What do the Indices of Deprivation measure?

The Indices of Deprivation are a relative measure of deprivation in small areas across England. Deprivation is more than just poverty, and poverty is not having enough money to get by on. Deprivation refers to lack of resources and opportunities.



What can you use the Indices of Deprivation for?

- Comparing small areas across England
- Identifying the most deprived small areas
- Exploring different types (domains) of deprivation
- Comparing larger areas e.g. local authorities
- Looking at changes in relative deprivation over time



What can't you use the Indices of Deprivation for?

- Quantifying exactly how deprived an area is
- Identifying deprived people
- Saying how affluent a place is
- Comparing with small areas in other UK countries
- Measuring real change in deprivation over time

HOW DEPRIVED IS SHEFFIELD?

57th

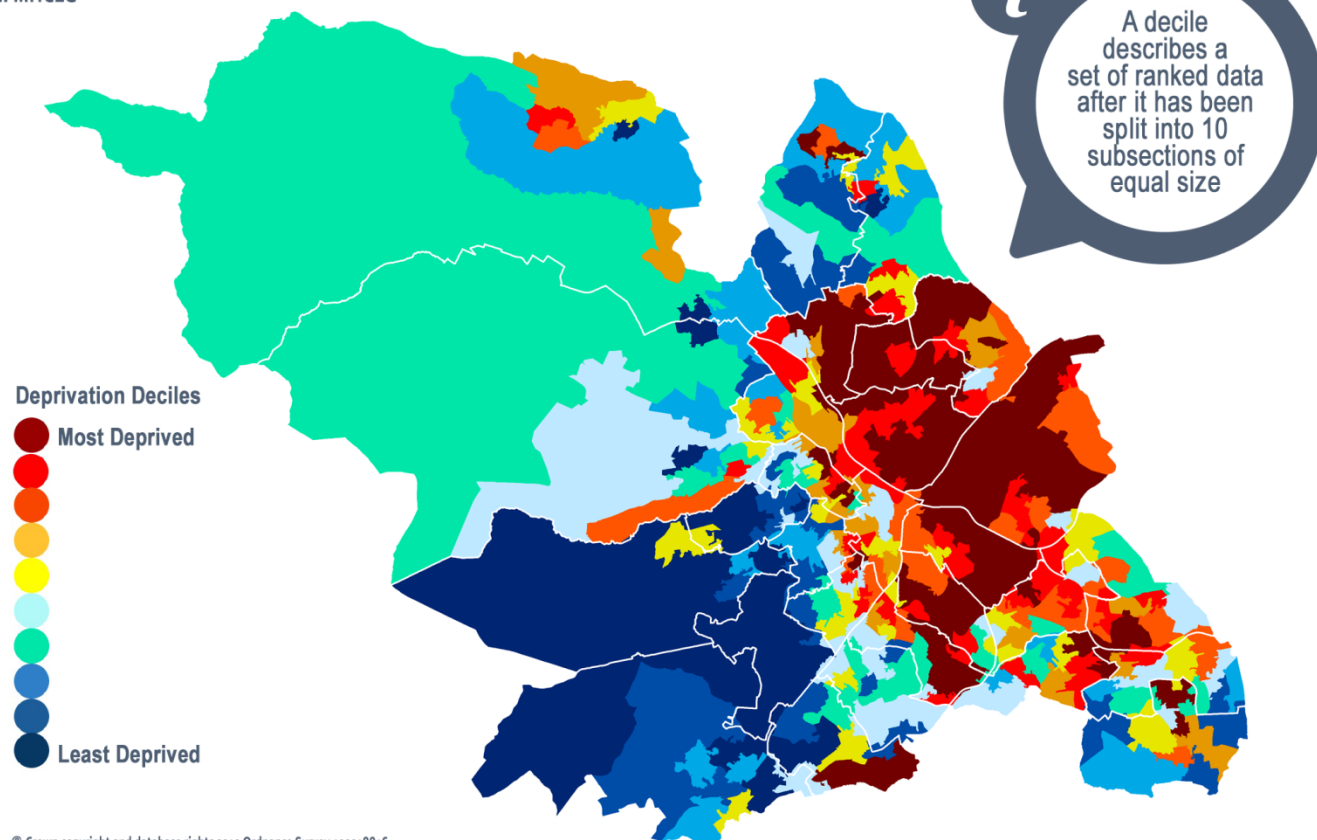
Sheffield is ranked as the 57th most deprived local authority in England out of a total of 317 (in 2015 Sheffield ranked 60th). Sheffield was the 2nd least deprived when compared with other core cities in England.

23.8%

Nearly a quarter of Sheffield's LSOAs are in the most deprived 10% nationally. Sheffield ranks 30th compared with all other local authorities on this measure (having ranked 26th in 2015).

Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019 in Sheffield LSOAs

Source: MHCLG

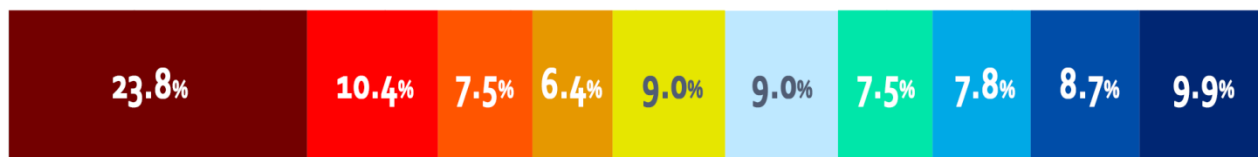


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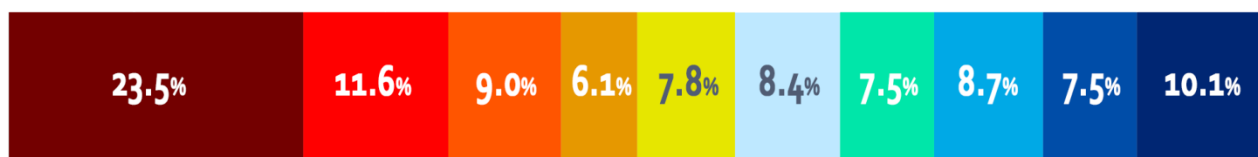
As well as the slight increase in the proportion of LSOAs falling into the most deprived decile, there was a slight reduction of LSOAs in the least deprived 10% in 2019 compared with 2015. In 2019 five of Sheffield's LSOAs (1.4%) are in the bottom 1% nationally. This compares with three in 2015 (0.8%).

Percentage of Sheffield LSOAs by national deprivation deciles - 2010, 2015 and 2019

2019



2015



2010

